

# **Licensing Committee**

Date: WEDNESDAY, 12 OCTOBER 2022

Time: 1.45 pm

Venue: COMMITTEE ROOM - 2ND FLOOR WEST WING, GUILDHALL

# **Supplementary Agenda**

a) Code of Good Practice for Licensed Premises Report - Appendix 2 (Pages 3 - 50)

John Barradell
Town Clerk and Chief Executive



# Agenda Item 10a



City of London

Code of Good Practice for Licensed Premises

January 2013



October 2022

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# **Contents**

		<u>Page</u>
<u>1</u>	Introduction	<u>3</u>
2	Licensing Act 2003	<u>3</u>
<u>3</u>	Aim of the code	<u>4</u>
<u>4</u>	How will the code be used and by who?	<u>4</u>
<u>5</u>	General – all licensing objectives	<u>6</u>
<u>6</u>	Prevention of crime and disorder good practice measures	<u>7</u>
<u>7</u>	Public safety good practice measures	<u>20</u>
8	Prevention of public nusiance good practice measures	<u>27</u>
9	Protection of children from harm good practice measures	<u>32</u>
	<u>Useful contacts</u>	<u>35</u>
	Resources	36

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#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1. The City of London Licensing Authority acknowledges that well run licensed premises play a major part in the promotion of a vibrant and flourishing night-time economy; one where businesses are trusted to be socially responsible, where people are safe and feel safe, and where people are encouraged to adopt healthier and responsible behaviours.
- 1.2. Good practice sits at the core of every successful night-time business. Success in the night-time economy is not just about regulation and compliance. Premises must be safe, well-managed and welcoming, with quality processes and management procedures in place, and staff awareness. Alongside the statutory provisions referred to in paragraph 2, we encourage licence holders to reach high operational standards and continuous improvement at their premises by adopting a responsible approach to the provision of alcohol and entertainment through the promotion of good practice.
- 1.3. Good practice can reduce alcohol related crime and disorder at licensed premises. It can lead to a safer environment for customers to socialise in, deter them from engaging in anti-social behaviour and result in fewer alcohol related hospital admissions. This will enable the City's night-time economy to grow and thrive, whilst ensuring that potential impacts to residents, visitors, workers, and emergency services are minimised.
- 1.4. Through this Code of Good Practice (the Code), the City of London is committed to supporting licensed premises in the square mile by providing a single source of information on good practice measures. The Code is not statutory guidance but provides a mechanism for applicants and licensees to identify risks associated with their specific type of venue or operation and recommends mitigating measures to address or minimise those risks.
- 1.5. The City of London is further committed to supporting licensed premises by:
  - providing help and advice on good practice at the application stage or during pre-application discussions
  - providing help and advice on good practice after a licence is granted
  - providing clear feedback to premises when negative operational issues have been identified, setting out actions and good practice measures that can be implemented to improve standards and minimise risks
  - encouraging licensees to participate in the City of London Safety Thirst accreditation scheme which acknowledges good practice and celebrates well-run premises.

### 2. Licensing Act 2003 (the

- 2.1. Licensed premises are managed under the provisions of the Licensing Act) 2003 (the Act), and its associated regulations and statutory guidance. The Act focuses on the promotion of four statutory licensing objectives which must be addressed when licensing functions are undertaken. The four licensing objectives are;
  - The prevention of crime and disorder.
  - Public safety

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The prevention of public nuisance.

• The protection of children from harm

2.2. When the Licensing Authority grants a premises licence, it may be subject to conditions, which form the parameters in which that premises can lawfully operate. There are three types of conditions that can appear on a premises licence:

- Mandatory conditions depending on the activity permitted by the licence
- Proposed conditions drawn from the applicant's operating schedule
- Imposed conditions following a licensing hearing

2.3. It is a mandatory requirement for licensees to comply with conditions on their licence whenever the licence is in use. However, it is equally important that premises always operate in a way that promotes the four licensing objectives, regardless of whether a specific condition requires them to do so.

#### 3. Aim of the code

3.1. The aim of this code is to provide applicants and licensees with guidance on good practice for the promotion of the four licensing objectives which are paramount considerations at all times. The code is consistent with the Home Office guidance issued under section 182 of the Act and with the City of London's statement of licensing policy. It adopts a holistic approach to the licensing regime, incorporating local and national initiatives aimed at protecting the business, its customers, employees, and those working or living nearby.

It outlines what the City of London licensing authority and its responsible authority partners expect in practical terms from The code can assist applicants when completing with their operating schedules and from assist licensees when operating in complying with their premises under the terms of a premises licence.

Applicants and licensees are expected to make a preactive commitment to preventing problems from occurring at licensed premises through the adoption of this code.

3.2. Risks conditions. It identifies risks associated with licensed premises the sale of alcohol and the provision of entertainment and/or late-night refreshment and sets out good practice measures to mitigate those risks. It is not an exhaustive list, but it provides a key mechanism for the promotion of the licensing objectives, for well-run premises and a responsible approach to the provision of alcohol, entertainment, and late-night refreshment in the City of London.

3.3. Risks associated with licensed premises can vary dependent depending on the premises type and characteristics, the design, layout and general environment, the location, the knowledge and experience of management and staff, the policies in place and the type of events being held there.

This code identifies many of the possible risks associated with the sale of alcohol and the provision of entertainment or late night refreshment and sets out good practice measures to mitigate those risks. It provides a key mechanism for the promotion of the licensing objectives, for well run premises and a responsible approach to the provision of alcohol, entertainment and late night refreshment in the City of London.

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3.4. It is recognised that <u>all premises are different and</u> not every risk will be relevant to <u>everyall</u> premises and it is unlikely that any one premises. <u>Licensees</u> will need to address all of the measures. <u>Indeed some premises may only need to introduce one or two measuresdetermine through their own risk assessment what specific measures are relevant to their venue.</u>

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3.5. The code cannot anticipate every possible risk, problem or circumstance that may arise from licensed premises. Neither does the code restrict an applicant or licence holder from promoting the licensing objectives through alternative means.

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4. How will the code be used and by who?

4.1. The guidance in this code is not statutory, however it does form part of the City of London Statement of Licensing Policy and the Licensing Authority expects applicants and licensees to have regard to it.

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4.2. The code is set out in sections that cover each of the four licensing objectives. It identifies risks associated with each licensing objective and makes recommendations on how to mitigate the risk.

**Applicants and licensees** 

4.3. Alt is important to take a proactive and preventative approach is a key aspect of good management atto managing licensed premises. The City of London licensing authority therefore expects applicants to have regard to this code when completing their operating schedule. This will ensure that problems either do not occur, or if they do, are dealt with quickly and appropriately.

4.4. If problems occur at The code is a good starting point in assessing the potential risks at licensed premises afterand applicants should read this document before making an application. The identification of a risk will not necessarily warrant a condition on a licence has been granted and but could identify a reactive

4.5. Similarly, licence holders should putbe familiar with this document as it will highlight any additional operational measures in place to manage and prevent those problems from recurring. The City of London licensing authority expects licensees to have regard to this code when considering additional operational measures they can implement if problems occur at their licensed premises.

approach is needed, licenseesgood practice measure to implement.

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The licensing authority and responsible authorities

4.6. The code is not a statutory document but it will be taken into consideration and used by the The licensing authority and responsible authorities as follows may use this document to:

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- when offering Offer pre-application advice to applicants either at the designand planning stage or during pre-application discussions;
- when responding to licence applications where the licensing objectives have not been adequately addressed in the operating schedule;
  - as a first point of dealing with licensed premises-Offer advice to applicants and licence holders in general
- Offer advice to licence holders encountering problems, at their premises to raise standards address the issue and to promote the licensing objectives in those premises and avoid further problems; and
  - fer. Sometimes, the implementation of good practice measures can be a suitable alternative to enforcement action or the review of licences where there is evidence that licensees have not promoted the licensing objectives.a premises licence.
  - Offer advice to licence holders seeking to achieve the City of London Safety Thirst accreditation.

Dealing with problem premises

The routine monitoring of Where there are problems or concerns identified at licensed premises will be undertaken by the licensing authority and relevant responsible authorities and findings under the four licensing objectives will be brought together.

Problems or concerns authority will raise these with licensed premises will be identified and flagged up at an earlythe licensee at the earliest possible stage and advice will be offered to licensees work in partnership with a view to improving standards at their premises and them to prevent or minimise subsequent problems.

- 4.7. Where problems have been identified, the The licensing authority and or responsible authorities authority will agree appropriate measures from the code actions with the licence holder to be implemented at the premises. \_, and these may include the implementation of good practice measures from this code.
- 4.8. The aim of the code is to avoid the need for enforcement action such as prosecution or review, but it will not replace enforcement action where it is necessary.

## Acknowledging well-managed premises

4.9. The code will also be used by Licensees can use the licensing authority code to adopt good practice measures to assist them in becoming a City of London Safety Thirst accredited premises. The Safety Thirst scheme acknowledges good practice and its licensing liaison partners to acknowledge and support celebrates well—run premises through schemes such as Safety Thirstits awards.

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#### 5. General - all four licensing objectives

This section provides guidance on good practice for the general promotion of all four licensing objectives at licensed premises. It is intended to help those applying for new licences or variations to existing licences in completing their operating schedules. It is also designed to guide licensees on the general promotion of the licensing objectives after a licence has been granted.

\_Licensees and their staff have responsibility for the effective and safe management of their premises and the promotion of the four licensing objectives. —Training is the key to giving licence holders, premises managers, and staff the knowledge and skills to deal withidentify and manage risks associated with licensed premises. Training should be provided to all staff and should be about both preventing and managingprevent problems occurring at premises. Training should be regularly updated reoccurring.

# Risk Good practice measure

#### Lack of knowledge or understanding of the Licensing Act 2003

G1 (a)-Well trained staff willin Licensing Act and related subjects, contribute to well-run premises and a responsible approach to the saleeffective management of alcohol, provision of entertainment and late night refreshment.

risks associated with licensed premises.

Supervisor (DPS) and personal licence holder requires
an accredited Award for your staff, either to Personal
Licence level or to another appropriate standard
recognised by bodies such as the British Institute of

Innkeepers (BII)Holders (APLH). It would be preferential for this training to also be completed by other managers and supervising staff employed at the venue.

(b) All front of house staff should be advised eftrained in basic licensing law in writing before they are allowed to serve alcohol.

- (c) Training This should also be provided on premises' specific policies relevant to the operation of the business include (but not limited to)
  - authorised sales of alcohol
  - underage sales / age verification requirements
  - dealing with intoxicated customers
  - offences under the Licensing Act 2003
  - compliance with licence conditions both mandatory and unique conditions to the premises
- (d) A recordAll staff, including SIA door staff, should be trained on premises specific policies relevant to the operation of the business. This might include:
  - duty of care to vulnerable customers
  - first aid (physical and mental health)

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- drugs awareness
- conflict management
- weapons policy
- crime scene preservation
- ejection of customers from the premises
- managing external areas and dispersal of customers
- emergency evacuation procedures
- counter terrorism
- G5 Refresher training should be completed regularly but at least every 12 months.

Records should be kept of the date and name of every person trained or advised and be made available for inspection by the police or licensing authority.

<u>G6</u>

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#### 6. Prevention of crime and disorder

This section provides guidance on good practice for the prevention of crime and disorder from ticensed premises. It is intended to the prevention of crime and disorder from ticenses or variations to varying existing licenses in completing their operating schedules. It is also designed to guide licenses on the prevention help license holders identify risks associated with their premises and management of offers mitigating measures to manage those risks and prevent crime and disorder from their premises after a license has been granted.

The main causes of crime and disorder in or around licensed premises arise from inadequate security provisions, poor design and layout, the type of event being promoted there, overcrowding and customers being drunk or under the influence of drugs. -This can result in theft, conflict, violence, and anti social behaviour. -HExcess alcohol consumption is therefore recommended that applicants and licensees take a proactive approachsignificant contributory factor to preventing and managinglevels of crime and disorder from their in and around premises. Good management and good practice along with adequate physical controls can make an important difference to the level of alcohol related crime at or near premises.

All applications for new licences and variations should address the steps proposed to prevent crime and disorder and this is best achieved through a premises risk assessment. Alcohol can be a significant contributory factor to levels of crime and disorder in an area. Good management and good practice along with adequate physical controls can make an important difference to the level of alcohol related crime at premises. Such measures should be reflected in the operating schedule.

For new premises or the refurbishment of existing premises, preventative measures should be factored in during the planning and design stage. Consideration should be given to the design and layout of the premises to minimise the potential for crime and disorder. Useful information can be found in documents such as 'Secured by Design'Useful information can be found at the Secured by Design website. This is the official police security initiative that works to improve the security of buildings and their immediate surroundings.

Licence holders should have clear documented policies and procedures in place which Licensees should take a proactive approach to managing and preventing crime and disorder at their premises. Documented policies should identify all crime and disorder risks associated with their premises and the measures implemented to prevent, manage and respond to prevent those risks.

Risk Good practice measure	
Security in and around the premises	CD1 (a) An alarm or other security measure should be installed at the premises to protect it when closed or empty.
	(a) A system that can be remotely accessed/monitored

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Risk	Good practice measure
	is best. It should be linked to a digital communicator or text alerts that inform key holders, and/or the alarm company if the alarm is activated when no-one is physically present. An up-to-date key holder list should be maintained with the alarm company.
	(b) Staff should be familiar with opening and closing procedures to prevent false alarm activations.
Security in and around the premises	(c) Any private areas such as staff rooms or cellars should be securely closed and only accessible by staff whilst the premises are open to the public.
	(d) Emergency exits should be alarmed when the premises are open to the public so that staff are immediately notified of unauthorised opening or tampering.
	(c) Any staff or private areas and cellars should be kept locked and secured whilst the premises are open to the public.
	CD2 (a) CCTV should be provides a vital tool in the management of crime and disorder at licensed premises. It can make staff and customers feel safe, it can act as a deterrent to potential offenders, it can be used to immediately direct staff and security to incidents, and it can produce tangible evidence to support post incident investigation.
	(a) CCTV cameras should be installed inside and outside the premises. The with cameras should covercovering all internal areas accessible to the public and areas immediately outside the premises. including entry and exit points. Internal areas at a higher risk of violence, crime, or disorder, such as alcoves or blind spots, should be identified through a risk assessment and have cameras in place.
	(b) Camera systems should use the latest digital colour recording technologies to produce high quality imagery, with remote internet access where possible. The system should be able to provide facial recognition in any light condition.
	be correctset correctly. Cameras should continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and recordings should be kept available for a minimum of 31 days. In the event of an incident, recordings should be made available to the police or licensing authority upon

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Risk	Good practice measure	
	request where necessary to detect a crime as it is	
	happening or upon a data protection release request.	
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	(b) The recordings should be in real time and on hard	
	drive with the availability to copy disks for other	
	agencies such as the police.	
	(c) For analogue systems, tapes should be changed	
ecurity in and	daily and used no more than 12 times.	
round the premises	,	
	(d) Recordings should be kept for a minimum period of	
	<del>31 days.</del>	
	(e) (d) Staff should be trained in the maintenance and	Formatted: Left
	operation of such systems with a record kept of using the	
	date and name of CCTV system with a record kept of	
	person trained. Records and date. Training records	
	should be made available for inspection by the police or	
	licensing authority upon request.	
	(fe) A trained member of staff should be on duty to	
	operate the system whenever the premises are opento	
	the public. Where CCTV is required by a condition on	
	the premises licence or the licensee is applying for best	
	practice accreditation, the trained person should be able	
	to show the police or licensing authority the system in	
	operation upon request.	
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	(f) The system should be regularly maintained to ensure it is working correctly with all cameras recording.	
	it is working correctly with all carrier as recording.	Formatted: cf01, Font: 10 pt
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	(g) The system should be password protected and kept	
	in a secure place or lockable room within the premises	
	(h) CCTV systems should comply with the Information	
	Commissioner's Office (ICO) guidance.	
	Commissioner's Office (ICO) guidance.	
	(i) Signs should be clearly displayed within the premises	
	informing members of the public that CCTV is in use.	
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	CD3 External lighting provides an obvious means of crime	Formatted: Left, Tab stops: Not at 1.27 cm
	deterrence. deterrent. External lighting should be	Tomateur 2019 100 stops: 1101 dt 1127 dt.
	operated by detection devices which will automatically	
	switch lights on where movement is detected.	
	(a) Lights should be checked regularly to ensure they	
	are in good working order.	
	are in good working order.	
	(b) Care should be taken so that external lighting does	

Risk	Good practice measure	
	not impact on neighbours at night.	
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	CD4 (a) Security systems should be integrated so that the	Formatted: Left, Tab stops: Not at 1.27 cm
	alarm, CCTV system and lighting work together in an effective manner.	(William 2014) (SS SSSPS. FISCHER 1227 CITY
	(b) The alarm should be linked to a system that will notify the police if it is activated.	
	CD5 (a) Door staff and/or stewards should be employed a	Formatted: Font: Bold
Security in and around the premises	the venue.	Formatted: List Paragraph Left Adjust space hetween
	(b) Any person performing the role of a door supervise must be licensed with the Security Industry Authorit (SIA) and SIA badges must be clearly displayed while working.	<del>y</del>
	CD5 (eDoor supervisors can be essential in ensuring well- run premises and make customers feel safe. They can monitor admissions, refuse entry to intoxicated customers, supervise dispersals to deter anti-social behaviour, carry out authorised searches to prevent drugs or weapons being brought inside, and supervise / interact with customers inside the venue to maintain good behaviour.	
	(a) Any person performing the role of a door supervisor must be licensed with the Security Industry Authority (SIA). Licensees need to ensure that any security services bought in are complaint with the law. To assist licensees, the SIA has produced a guidance for buyers of security for events.	
	(b) The SIA run a voluntary Approved Contractor Scheme (ACS) which provides buyers of private security services with a form of independent assurance of a contractor's commitment to quality. A list of approved contractors can be found at the SIA website	4
	(c) All door staff and security must clearly display their SIA badges whilst working. Licensees and venue managers can search the SIA register of licence holders to check whether someone has the correct, validicence.	<u>d</u>
	(d) Door staff should be easily identifiable by wearing a uniform, high visibility jacketsjacket or arm bands.	Formatted: Left
	(de) Door staff should sign into a register detailing their full SIA licence number, their name, contact details and	

Risk	Good practice measure
	the time and date their duty commenced and concluded.
	Copies of all door staff badges should be kept at the
	premises and checked with the SIA for validity.
	(e) Stewards and other(f) Where possible, the same
	door staff should be used each week, so they are
	familiar with premises specific policies and procedures.
	(g) The number of door staff will be determined through
Security in and	a risk assessment, the nature and size of the business
around the premises	and the type of crowd attending an event.
around the premidee	and the type of brown attending an event.
	(h) Other staff, such as stewards, at the premises
	should also be easily identifiable. Stewards but they
	must not be used for supervision of the doorcarry out
	the duties of a door supervisor if not SIA registered.
	<b>◆</b>
	CDC (a) Effective accurate malicine based on viels
	CD6 (a) Effective security policies based on risk
	assessments can protect your premises, staff and
	customers from threats, conflict or violence.
	(b) Security policies should be formulated in consultation
	with a police crime prevention officer.
	man a penee conne preventien concern
	(c) All staff must be aware of a premises security policy
	with a record kept of the date and name of person
	trained. Records should be made available for
	inspection by the police or licensing authority.
	CDC /dCasestan Tamaniana masaasuma will mustaat beesimaasaa
	CD6 (dCounter Terrorism measures will protect businesses,
	staff and customers and support the Police in making
	the area safer for everyone. Licence holders and staff should be well prepared and resilient in the event of a
	terrorist attack. Crowded environments, both indoor and
	outdoor spaces, have security vulnerabilities, and these
	should be identified through premises specific risk
	assessments and managed through both physical
	measures and staff awareness.
	moderno and stan awareness.
	(a) Physical measures - Businesses and licensees
	have a duty to protect those using their services. If
	customers queue on the public highway to gain entry to
	the premises or use furniture placed on the highway to
	be served or to consume food or drink purchased from
	the premises, licensees should consider physical
	security barriers or hostile vehicle mitigations (HVMs) to
	protect the area and minimise the risk of a 'vehicle as a
	weapon' attack. The type of barrier or HVM will depend
	on the threat and vulnerability specific to the premises.
	Guidance for hospitality venues is available via: Police

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Risk	Good practice measure
	Protect UK, (which incorporates the National Counter
	Terrorism Security Office (NaCTSO)), and Centre for the
	Protection of National Infrastructure (CPNI). Further
	information and advice can also be sought from local
	Counter Terrorism Security Advisors: CTSA@city-of-
	london.pnn.police.uk
	(b) Premises should be searched inside and out for suspect packages before, during and after opening hours. Staff should be trained to remain vigilant during opening hours and report any suspicious activity to the
	Police. Staff should remain vigilant and report any suspicious activity immediately to the Police.
	(c) Staff awareness - Licence holders and all their staff should complete an appropriate level of counter terrorism awareness training. Nationally recognised training products such as See, Check and Notify (SCaN) and Action Counters Terrorism (or ACT) cater for different levels of staff, are available electronically and are free of charge.
	(d) Licensees and venue managers should preferably be registered with Protect UK, giving them access to the latest advice, guidance and training on security threats.
	(e) Staff should be made aware of premises specific contingency plans, and their roles and responsibilities in the event of an attack. Rehearsals or drill exercises are important to ensure knowledge retention and to identify any gaps in documented plans/policies.
	CD7 Documented security policies based on risk  assessments can protect licensees, their premises, staff and customers from threats, conflict, or violence.
	(a) Security policies should be formulated in consultation with a police crime prevention officer.
	(b) All staff must be aware of a premises security policy with records kept of date and name of person trained.
	CD7CD8 Security reviews should be held regularly and at
	least every three menths between the licence holder or
	venue manager and door staff provider, to review  Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	successes, challenges or areas to improve, with minutes
	keptof the meetings recorded.
	Formatted: Left
	CD8CD9 (a) Daily staff briefingbriefings and debriefing Formatted: Left, Tab stops: Not at 1.27 cm
	will enable licensees to improve working practices in
	their premises. Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Risk	Good practice measure	
	(b) Briefings can be informal, but any problems identified and, or remedial action taken should be recorded with records kept in the main office.	Formatted: Left
		Formatted: Font color: Red
Crime including	CD9 (a) Promoted events may attract larger than usual	Formatted: Font color: Red
conflict, assault, violence, or aggression in and around the premises	crowds and particularsome promotions may have violent or aggressive followers, rival gangs or other crime and disorder associated with them.	Formatted: Left
	CD10 (b) Such  (a) Where premises are hosting events must have that	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm +
	are promoted by third parties, the licensee should  complete a comprehensive risk assessment undertaken by the licence holderor event management plan in	Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.27 cm
	conjunction with the promoter. The risk assessment or event management plan is the licensee's responsibility and ownership and must be submitted by them to the City of London Police licensing team and The Proactive Licensing Intelligence Unit-at least 14 days in advance of the proposed event.	
Crime including conflict, assault, violence, or	(b) As part of the event risk assessment, the licensee should be satisfied that the event promoter has a suitable qualification in managing music promotions, including the provisions of the Licensing Act 2003, admission policies, conflict management, and noise management.	
aggression in and around the premises		
	(d) In the event that a problem or incident should arise during a promoted event, this should be documented by the licence holder and it is expected that a debrief form will be provided to the the licensee should inform City of London Police licensing team within 48 hours of the eventimmediately so that on-site support can be provided to prevent the incident escalating into something more serious.	Formatted: Left
	CD11 (a) Proper management Management of the door will depend on the size and type of venue, or the event being held there.	
	(a) For large or promoted events, or 'nightclub' events,	

Good practice measure		
licensees should install a club scan or ID scan system,		
underage or banned persons from entering the		
premises. This will protect customers at events and		
ultimately the premises licence, by making it easier to		
identify suspects should a crime occur.		
CD10(b) The number of door supervisors should be determined by a risk assessment taking into		Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.31 cm, No bullets or numbering
accountconsidering the size of venue, the type of event	Ì	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
and the type of crowd the entertainment is likely to		Tormatted. Buildes and Numbering
attract, but at the very least on a. For promoted events,		
should be considered.		
(c) All entry and exits points should be covered with at		
<del></del>	4	Formatted: Left
least one female door supervisor should be used.		
CD11CD12 A door admissions policy including any age		Formattade Laft
		Formatted: Left
		Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
social media platforms and clearly displayed at the		
'		
CD12 (a) Ejecting or refusing Refusing entry to person	s	
	Y	
<u>refuse</u> to be <del>violent or aggressive.</del>		
CD13 searched or are in possession of drugs or weapons.	4	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25
		cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3,
(a) If entry to the venue is dependent on a search, then		+ Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm +
a 'No Search, No Entry' sign should be clearly displayed		Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm
at the entrance, explaining what the search will entail		
(b) In such assessthe event of a refusal, an entry should		
be made in an incident or log booklogbook. If the refusa		
	-	
(c) If a customer resists refusal, a manager should be		
called to confirm the refusal. If after management		
	to digitally check IDs, detect fake IDs and prevent underage or banned persons from entering the premises. This will protect customers at events and ultimately the premises licence, by making it easier to identify suspects should a crime occur.  CD10(b) The number of door supervisors should be determined by a risk assessment taking into accountconsidering the size of venue, the type of event and the type of crowd the entertainment is likely to attract, but at the very least on a. For promoted events, a minimum ratio of 1 door supervisor per 50 customers should be considered.  (c) All entry and exits points should be covered with at least one door staff, and depending on the event, consideration should be given to cloak room cover, roaming door staff and relief cover during breaks.  (bd) Consideration should be given to a sufficient provision of male and female door supervisors, but at least one female door supervisor should be used.  CD11CD12 A door admissions policy including any age restrictions, expected dress standardscode, or the screening of hand bagehandbags should be widely publicised on any promotional material-or, website or social media platforms and clearly displayed at the entrance to the premises.  CD12 (a) Ejecting or refusingRefusing entry to persons from the premises if they do not meet your admission the standards—or, if they are a known troublemaker, we have at the entrance, explaining what the search will entail (b) In such casesthe event of a refusal, an entry should be made in an incident or log booklogbook. If the refusal relates to possession of drugs or weapons, the Police should be informed.	to digitally check IDs, detect fake IDs and prevent underage or banned persons from entering the premises. This will protect customers at events and ultimately the premises licence, by making it easier to identify suspects should a crime occur.  CD10(b) The number of door supervisors should be determined by a risk assessment taking into account considering the size of venue, the type of event and the type of crowd the entertainment is likely to attract, but at the very least on a. For promoted events, a minimum ratio of 1 door supervisor per 50 customers, should be considered.  (c) All entry and exits points should be covered with at least one door staff, and depending on the event, consideration should be given to cloak room cover, roaming door staff and relief cover during breaks.  (bd) Consideration should be given to a sufficient provision of male and female door supervisors, but at least one female door supervisor should be used.  CD11(CD12 A door admissions policy including any age restrictions, expected dress standardscode, or the screening of hand bagshandbags should be widely publicised on any promotional material-or, website or social media platforms and clearly displayed at the entrance to the premises.  CD12 (a) Ejecting or refusingRefusing entry to persons from the premises if they do not meet your admissione the standards-or, if they are underage, intoxicated, disorderly, if they are a known troublemaker, if they refuse to be violent or aggressive.  CD13 searched or are in possession of drugs or weapons.  (a) If entry to the venue is dependent on a search, then a 'No Search, No Entry' sign should be clearly displayed at the entrance, explaining what the search will entail the entrance of the possession of drugs or weapons, the Police should be informed.

Risk	Good practice measure	
	intervention, the customer insists on admission, the	
	Police should be called to assist.	
		Formatted: Font: Not Bold
	CD14 (a) Escorting or removing persons from the premises	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.31 cm
	who have become drunk or disorderly after admission.  All evictions should be recorded in an incident logbook.	
	All evictions should be recorded in an incident togbook.	
	(a) If a customer becomes violent or aggressive when being escorted off the premises, the Police should be called to assist.	
	CD13CD15 A policy to manage capacity should be adopted	Formatted: Left
	to prevent overcrowding / localised overcrowding and	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	patrons possibly becoming aggressive through accidental jostling.	(14)
	(ba) For promoted events and large venues, the use of	
	clickers is essential to record the number of patrons	
	inside the premises or moving from room to room.	
	•	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm
	(eb) For other events or smaller venues, ticket sales or	Formatted: Left
	head counts may be appropriate.	Tormattee Left
	(4) O maid and in a should be given to deliberately	
	(dc) Consideration should be given to deliberately running below capacity to afford a comfort factor to your	
	patrons and avoid conflict, violence, or aggression within	
	the premises.	
	the profiless.	
	(ed) Where a premises holds a special event whichthat	
Crime including	is not a promoted event but one that is expected to	
conflict, assault,	attract a greaterlarger crowd than usual number of	
violence, or	patrons and in excess of 500 people, the premises	
aggression in and	licence holder will be expected to should notify the City	
around the premises		
	advance of the event. They may be able provide support	
	with crowd management during the event.	
	CD14CD16 (a) Alternatives Durable and reusable	Formatted: Left
	alternatives to glass drinking vessels, made from	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	polycarbonate or non-splintering plastic, should be	Formatted: Font: Not Bold
	considered to prevent glassware being used as an	rormatted: rollt. Not bold
	assault weapon, particularly during promoted events, or for consumption in outdoor areas.	
	ioi consumption in outdoor areas.	Farmattadal of Indonti Laft: 1.21 cm
	(b) Drinking vessels made from plastic or polycarbonate	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.31 cm

Diek	Cood prostice measure	
Risk	Good practice measure	
	would be preferential particularly in outside areas.	
	(e(a)) Where alternatives are not used, there should be a	Formatted: Left
	robust glass collection policy in place. This should	Formatteu. Leit
	include regular collection of glassware by staff and	
	prevention of glassware being removed from the	
	premises.	
	рготпосо.	
	CD15 (a) Measures to preserve a crime scene until police	
	arrival, following the outbreak of disorder or any other	
	crime should be clearly documented in a policy.	
	CD17 (b) Such aCrime scene preservation - in the event of a	
	crime at licensed premises, the Police must be notified	
	immediately, and measures must be in place to preserve	
	the crime scene until police arrive. Such measures	
	should include:	
	<ul> <li>identifying any injured people, ensuring adequate</li> </ul>	
	medical treatment is provided or calling an ambulance	
	<ul> <li>creating a secure and sterile cordon around the scene</li> </ul>	
	for the preservation of evidence and life	
	<ul> <li>preventing others from entering the crime scene and</li> </ul>	
	not touching anything	
	<ul> <li>preventing the contamination, cleaning, wiping,</li> </ul>	
	clearing away or removal of any items or materials from	
	the crime scene. Any bloodstains, broken glass, drugs	
	paraphernalia, weapons or other items used during the	
	crime must remain untouched until Police arrive	
	• creating a record of the incident as soon as	
Outro a tradication	practicable to do so, including date, time, persons	
Crime including	involved, including perpetrators, victims, anyone	
conflict, assault,	assisting, and anyone who has left the scene, items at	
violence, or aggression in and	the scene, any smells, take photos, descriptions, and keep CCTV recordings or mobile phone recordings.	
around the premises	Reep CCTV Tecordings of Thobile phone recordings.	
urouna the premises	(a) A documented crime scene preservation policy	Formatted: Left
	should be formulated in consultation with a police crime	
	prevention officer.	
	(c) All staff must receive training on the policy with a	
	record kept of the date and name of person trained.	
	Records should be made available for inspection by the	
	police or licensing authority	
	CD16CD18 (a) Staff training in conflict Conflict	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	management should be provided to give themtraining	
	for staff will provide them with the knowledge and	Formatted: Font: Bold
	confidence to deal with difficult situations. Trained staff	
	should be able to identify conflict as it develops and take	
	appropriate measures to resolve it before it escalates,	
	which can reduce crime and disorder at the premises.	

Risk	Good practice measure
	(ba) Training should include dealing with abuse, harassment, threatening behaviour, disorderly conduct, aggression and violence. also cover dealing with, logging and reporting incidents if they occur.
	(eb) A record should be kept of the date and name of person trained. Records should be made available for inspection by the police or licensing authority.
	CD19 Responding to allegations of assault at licensed premises. Licensees must take any allegation about assault or harassment at the premises seriously, and always call the Police if a customer or other person at the venue makes such an allegation.
	CD20 Sharing ef-information with others in the industry- Regular meetings, the use of about troublemakers, incidents, and common problems in an area can help to manage or reduce crime and antisocial behaviour associated with licensed premises. This can be through local radio networks or membership of network groups, business Whatsapp groups, or through the SentrySIS application, a secure, city-wide data-sharing platform that works in real-time.
	CD17CD21 Membership of a Safer Business Network or  Business Crime Reduction Partnership provides businesses with a local pub/club watch scheme will enable network connection, up-to-date information to be passed on about trouble makers and common problems in the area on localised crime and offenders, access to expert advice, free crime reduction training and access to local Pubwatch meetings. City of London Police Licensing also host regular Licensing Forums covering a wide range of topics and initiatives to safeguard licenced premises against crime. Businesses can sign up to attend the City Police licensing forums by emailing
Drugs and weapons	licensingoffice@cityoflondon.pnn.police.uk  Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.31 cm, First line: 0 cm, stops: Not at 1.27 cm  CD21 (a) A zero tolerance policy to the use of premises
being brought into the premises	specific drugs and carrying of weapons in the premises should be adopted with a clear "no search no entry" message.  Formatted: Font: Bold  Formatted: Font: Bold
	(b) Posters can be displayed throughout the premises to remindpolicy is a valuable tool for keeping customers of zero telerance policy.
	CD22 (a) Effective search policies will minimise the

<b>D</b> ' 1		
Risk	Good practice measure  opportunity for safe. It should address all potential drugs	
	and weapons to be brought into licensed	
	premisesconcerns relevant to the business and lead to	
Drugs and weapons	drugoffer mitigations, provide a basis for staff training,	
being brought into	and weapon seizure if attempts are made.	
the premises	(b) The use of search arches and wands may be	
	appropriate in some cases.	
	CD21 (c) Search policiesultimately safeguard the welfare and safety of the business's staff and customers. Guidance	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25
	on how to develop a drugs and weapons policy can be	cm, Numbered + Level: 4 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 21 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.75 cm +
	found at Safer Nightlife, an online resource produced by	Tab after: 3.39 cm + Indent at: 3.39 cm, Tab stops: Not
	the London Drug and Alcohol Policy Forum. Policies	at 3.39 cm
	should be formulated in consultation with the City of	
	London Police licensing team.	
	CD22 (dPreventing drugs and weapons entering the venue	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25
	can be achieved by searching customers on entry or	cm, Numbered + Level: 4 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3,
	through the provision of amnesty boxes.	+ Start at: 21 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.75 cm + Tab after: 3.39 cm + Indent at: 3.39 cm, Tab stops:
	(a) Searches may only be necessary for larger or	1.31 cm, List tab
	promoted events, or on busier nights. The premises	
	policy should identify the types of events or days when	
	searches will be conducted. The use of search arches	
	and wands may be appropriate in some cases.	
	(b) Search policies must be advertised widely on tickets,	
	promotional leaflets and on websites and prominently in	
	the premises entrance and queuing area. Notices	
	should clearly advise customers that if they refuse to be	
	searched, they will be refused entry.	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm
	(ec) Searches should always be carried out in public	Formatted: Left
	areas and covered by CCTV.	
	( <del>f) All staff</del> <u>d) Searches</u> must <u>only</u> be trained on search	
	policies conducted by door supervisors with a record	
	kept of valid SIA door supervisor registration.	
	CD23 Preventing drug dealing at the datevenue can be	Formatted: Font: Bold
	achieved through the regular supervision and name of	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25
	person trained. Recordsmonitoring of all public areas by	cm, Numbered + Level: 4 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3,
	roving staff. All public areas should be made available for inspection by the policecovered by CCTV cameras	+ Start at: 21 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.75 cm +
	and any alcoves <b>or <del>licensing authority.</del></b> concealed areas	Tab after: 3.39 cm + Indent at: 3.39 cm, Tab stops: 1.31 cm, List tab
	should have adequate lighting to enable the capture of	1.31 CIII, LISU IdD
	clear images.	
	(a) Supervising toilet areas can be effective in	
	(a) Supervising tollet areas call be effective in	

Risk	Good practice measure	
	discouraging drug selling or use. A toilet attendant may	
	be appropriate for promoted events or on busy nights	
Druge and weapons	such as Friday and Saturday.	
Drugs and weapons being brought into	(b) Removal of flat surfaces in toilet areas can reduce	
the premises	the likelihood of drug misuse	
the promises	are memiosa of aray misase	Formatted: Font: Bold
		Torridated. Forti. Bold
	(c) Regular toilet checks such as swabbing should be	
	considered, and where conducted, these should be	
	documented with date, time and findings.	
	CD20CD24 Calling the police if quatemore are	
	CD20CD24 Calling the police if customers are suspected of being in possession of drugs or weapons.	Formatted: Left
	AllA clear procedure should be agreed with City of	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	London Police about the circumstances in which they	
	expect to be called and all staff must be made aware of	
	this requirement.	
	CD21CD25 (a) Seizing, retaining and documenting ◆	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	any drugs or weapons found with a clear audit trail	Formatted: Font: Bold
	and a process for surrendering them to the Police.	
	(ba) A search policy should clearly set out procedures	
	that must be followed by staff should they find drugs or	
	weapons during a search including circumstances when	
	the police should be called; Procedures should include	
	the wearing of gloves, the use of tamper proof bags and	
	safe storage of seized items in a lockable box; details	
	that need to be recorded and how/when seized items	
	should be surrendered to the police.	
	CD25 (a) Supervising toilet areas can be effective in	
	discouraging drug selling or use.	
	(b) A toilet attendant may be appropriate for promoted	
	events or on busy nights such as Friday and Saturday.	
	(c) Regular toilet checks such as swabbingAny items	
	seized by staff should be considered and where conducted these should be documented with date time	
	and finding recorded.	
	and maing rood dod.	
	(d) Removaldone in a public area, witnessed by a ◆	Formatted: Left
	colleague and/or in full view of flat surfaces in toilet	
	areas can reduce the likelihood of drug misuse CCTV	
	<u>cameras.</u>	
	CD23CD26 Drug awareness training should be	Formatted Pullate and Number in a
	Drug awareness training should be	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Risk	Good practice measure	
	provided for all staff-, so they have the knowledge to	
	identify any illegal drug activity at the venue and to	
	recognise symptoms of drug use. A record should be	
	kept of the date and name of person trained. Records.	
	and records should be made available for inspection by	
	the police or licensing authority.	
	4	Formatted: Left
Theft from premises	CD24CD27 Bag hooks (Chelsea clips) should be	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
or lost property	provided to prevent bag snatching.	Formatted: Left
	CD25CD28 Clear signage should be displayed	(
	throughout the premises about crime prevention and to	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	warn customers of the potential for pickpockets and	
	bag/laptop snatchers.	
	CD26CD29 Property patrols, managed cloakrooms	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	and toilet attendants can be employed to prevent theft from patrons or the premises.	
	from pations of the premises.	
	CD27CD30 Premises layout and lighting should be	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	considered. Secluded or dimly lit parts of the premises	Formatted, bullets and Nambering
	should be avoided as they can encourage crime.	
	CD28CD31 Mirrors used throughout the premises can	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	aid supervision and act as deterrents to thieves.	
	CD29CD32 A lost and found policy should be in place	Former of Bullists and Numbering
	in relation to lost/found property at the premises. The	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	policy should include procedures regarding the logging	
	and disposal of property and in particular any valuable	
	property. Passports and any other ID found should be	
	handed in to any police station.	
	CD33 (a) Carefully positioning alcohol in retail premises can	
	reduce theft from the premises. Alcohol is a key target	
	for shop thieves, so it is best not to place alcoholic	
	beverages within the first few metres near the door as	Formatted: Left
Theft from premises	this allows thieves to 'grab and run'.	
or lost property	Change (IV) If the best of the standard display around to be	
	CD33 (b) It may be helpful for alcohol display areas to be	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25
	covered by CCTV if possible.	cm, Numbered + Level: 4 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3,
	Constitute and a considered a	+ Start at: 21 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.75 cm + Tab after: 3.39 cm + Indent at: 3.39 cm, Tab stops:
	CD34CD34 Security tagging any items considered a specific target for theft, particularly alcoholic drinks over	1.31 cm, List tab
	a certain price level will deter thieves.	Formatted: Left
		Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
		Formatted: Left
	4	Formatted: Left
Disorder from	CD32CD35 Reduce the potential for excessive queue	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Risk	Good practice measure	
customers queuing to enter the premises or when leaving the premises	lines with a well-managed and efficient door policy. Long queuing times can cause people to become agitated or aggressiveSearches should therefore be conducted as quickly and effectively as possible.	
	CD33CD36 (a) A customer dispersal policy can minimise the potential for disorder from customers leaving the premisesA policy should clearly set out measures to avoid a mass exit at the end of the evening such as a gradual change in music style and increasing lighting levels.  (ba) Sufficient staff should be available at the end of the evening to manage a controlled shut down of the premises and maintain good order as customers leave.	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	CD37 (a) Staff training in preventing disorder should be provided to give them the knowledge and confidence to deal with difficult situations.	Formatted: Font: Bold
	CD37 (b) A record should be kept of the date and name of person trained. Records should be made available for inspection by the police or licensing authority	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Numbered + Level: 4 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 21 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.75 cm + Tab after: 3.39 cm + Indent at: 3.39 cm, Tab stops: 1.31 cm, List tab
Customers getting drunk and dealing with drunken	CD35CD38 (a) Drinks promotions should be socially responsible and not encourage excessive drinking.	Formatted: Left Formatted: Left
customers	(ba) A documented policy on responsible drinks promotions should be in place at the premises and should adhere to industry codes such as those recommended by the British Beer and Pub Association (BBPA) and The Portman Group. British Beer and Pub Association (BBPA) and The Portman Group. This is in addition to adherence with the mandatory licensing condition regarding irresponsible promotions.	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	(eb) Any drinks promotion should market the availability of soft drinks	
	(, and low or alcohol-free alternatives. Club Soda is mindful drinking movement that offers advice to the hospitality industry on a)—wide range of alcohol-free drinks.	Formatted: Font: Not Bold
	CD39 Staff training on the effects of alcohol and how to	Formatted: Font: Bold
	spot early signs of customers becoming drunk symptoms of drunkenness should be provided regularly undertaken to give them the knowledge and confidence to deal with drunken patrons.	
Customers getting		

	Good practice measure		
drunk and dealing with drunken	(b) Staff should be It is an offence for someone to knowingly serve alcohol to a person who is drunk and		
customers	bar staff must be aware of their responsibilities under the		
	Licensing Act 2003-and. They should be able to recognise appropriate 'cut off' points for serving drunken		Formatted: Font: 11 pt
	customers, so as to reduce the likelihood of fights or aggressive behaviour.		
	(c) When staff are collecting glasses, they can interact with customers and assess the levels of drunkenness.  Any concerns should be reported back to a manager.		
	CD39 (d) A record should be kept of the date and name of person trained. Records should be made available for		Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25
	inspection by the police or licensing authority.		cm, Numbered + Level: 4 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 21 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.75 cm - Tab after: 3.39 cm + Indent at: 3.39 cm, Tab stops:
	CD37PS1A duty of care policy regarding persons suffering		1.31 cm, List tab
	adversely from the effects of drink should be in place at	\ `	Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Numbered
	the premises. The policy should clearly express that every effort will be made by staff to prevent patrons from		+ Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27
	deteriorating to an uncontrolled intexicated extent. All		cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm, Adjust space between Latin
	staff must be briefed on the policy-		and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 3.39 cm
	CD41 Drink aware posters can be displayed in the premises		Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	to remind customers of the unit content in alcoholic drinks and the safe alcohol consumption limits.		
	'		Formatted: Left, Don't adjust space between Latin and
Consumption of	CD39CD40 Restrict the sale of strong beer and cider		Asian text, Don't adjust space between Asian text and numbers
alcohol on the street	above 5.5% ABV and the sale of single cans or bottles		Formatted: Left
and street drinkers	of beer and cider. Such sales can contribute to anti-		Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	social behaviour and disorder through the consumption of alcohol on the street and in open spaces by street drinkers or persons who are already drunk.		
Sale of alaskal	CD40CD41 Lockable shutters can be fitted on display		Formatted: Left
Sale of alcohol	units for alcohol in retail premises, which can be closed and locked at the end of permitted hours.		

# 7. Public Safety

This section provides guidance on good practice for the promotion of public safety at licensed premises. It is intended tocan help those applying for new licences or variations tovarying existing licences in completing their operating schedules. It is also designed to guide licensees on the promotion and management of public safety at their premises after a licence has been granted.

The carrying on of licensable activities, in particular the provision of alcohol and some types of entertainment, can increase increased the risks to the public safety. The consumption of the public (including performers) attending licensed premises, alcohol, combined with recreational drug use can make some customers vulnerable and expose them to risks. It is important therefore recommended, that applicants and licensees take a proactive approach to protecting and managing public safety at their premises.

All applications for new licences and variations should address the steps proposed to promote public safety and this is best achieved through a premises risk assessment.

For new premises or the refurbishment of existing premises, preventative measures should be factored in during the planning and design stage. Consideration should be given to the design and layout of the premises to achieve the highest possible standard of safety.

Licence holders should have elear-documented policies and procedures in place which identify all public safety risks associated with their premises and measures implemented to prevent, manage and respond to those risks.

Risk	Good practice measure		
General safety of staff and customers	PS1	(a) A full risk assessment taking into account considering public safety should be carried out at the premises to identify potential hazards posed to staff or customers and setting out precautions to manage the hazards. Templates can be found on the Health and Safety ExecutiveHealth and Safety Executive (HSE) website and on the Communities and Local Government website. A risk assessment should be regularly reviewed and at least every 12 months.  (ba) All staff should be made aware of the risk assessment and precautionary measures therein.  (cb) A copy of the risk assessment should be kept at the premises and made available for inspection if required.	
	PS2	First aid boxes should be available at the premises and maintained with sufficient in_date stock.	
	PS3	(a) A recognised qualification in first aid should be held by at least one member of staff who should be on duty at all timeswhen the premises licence is in use.	

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General safety of staff and customers	PS3	(b) Other staff should be trained to a basic first aid standard with records kept of the date and name of person trained.		Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm
	PS4	A first aid room or quiet room should be made available to anyone requiring medical attention.		Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.27 cm  Formatted: Left
	PS5	Temperature levels and humidity in venues should be controlled for the comfort and safety of customers. An environment that is too hot or too cold can make customers irritablePremises should be adequately heated and ventilated to avoid this. This can be achieved through use of air conditioning systems, fans, or natural ventilation in non-residential areas.		Formatted: Left
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Overcrowding	PS6	A documented capacity should be set for the premises overall and for individual rooms within the premises. Capacity can be determined by a risk assessment in consultation with the fire safety authority. The risk assessment should consider factors such as floor space, available fire exits, and means of escape as well as comfort factors such as numbers of toilets and potential queuing time.		Formatted: Left
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		The risk assessment should consider factors such as floor space, numbers of toilets, potential queuing time and available fire exits.		
	PS7	(a) A policy to manage the capacity should be adopted to prevent overcrowding and/or localised overcrowding.	(	Formatted: Left
		(ba) The use of electronic clocking systems, ID scanning systems, clickers, ticket sales or head counts may be appropriate.		
		(eb) Consideration should be given to deliberately running below capacity to afford a comfort factor to your patrons for customers.		
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Accumulation and disposal of glasses / drinking vessels	PS8	(a) A glass collection policy should include provisions for regular collection of glassware by staff and the prevention of glassware from being taken into external areas. Glassware should not be allowed to accumulate or cause obstruction. Perimeter checks should be made		Formatted: Left, Tab stops: Not at 1.27 cm

Formatted: Font: Not Bold (b) Perimeter checks should be made outside the Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.31 cm, Don't adjust premises for any glasses or bottles. space between Latin and Asian text, Don't adjust space between Asian text and numbers (e(a) All staff must be made aware of the glass Formatted: Left collection policy and their responsibility for the task. **Accumulation and** Formatted: Left PS9 Spillages and broken glass should be cleaned up disposal of glasses / drinking vessels immediately to prevent floors from becoming slippery and unsafe. PS10 Bottle bins should be secure at all times and away Formatted: Left, Tab stops: Not at 1.27 cm from public areas. Formatted: Left Accident or other PS11 (a) A written policy Documented policies to deal with Formatted: Font: Bold emergency incident all types of accidents & emergency incidents Formatted: Left on the premises including fire, should be in place at the premises. (ba) The policypolicies should be based on risk assessments and might include matters such as responding to and recording/reporting of accidents, providing medical care, emergency management, contingency planning and evacuation procedures in the event of fire, bomb threats or suspect packages-and, when to contact emergency services, and providing support to staff or customers in the aftermath of an accident or incident. (eb) Evacuation responsibilities and roles should be clearly communicated to staff, routes and exits should be well defined and evacuation plans exercised regularly. (d) A copya) Copies of the accident, emergency incident and fire risk assessmentassessments should be kept at the premises and made available for inspection by the fire authority and licensing authority if required. PS12 A fire detection system should be in place at the premises and should be maintained fully functional at all times... The system should be tested regularly with records kept and made available for inspection. PS13 (a) Means of escape in case of any emergency must be clearly visible, unobstructed and well-maintained including areas outside exits leading to a place of

ultimate safety such as the street. PS13 (b) Checks should be carried out before opening each day to ensure that exits are unlocked and unobstructed. PS14 Equipment should be checked and maintained regularly with a record kept of the date and findings of the checks. PS15 (a) Staff training in fire safety and any premises safety policy should be provided for all staff to give **Accident or other** emergency incident them the knowledge and confidence to deal with on the premises emergency situations, including location of equipment, utilities, services and layout of premises. should include how to use fire extinguishers. PS15 (b) Records should be kept of the date and name of person trained and made available for inspection. PS16 An accident book should be kept in orderon site to record all accidents or incidents and made available for inspection.

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DrugCustomer Vulnerabilities – drug use,	PS17 (a) A zero tolerance policy to the use of drugs in the premises should be adopted.	(romateu: zert
intoxication or drink spiking	(b) Pesters can be displayed throughout the premises to remind customers of the zero tolerance policy.	
	PS18 Refusing entry to anyone who appears to be showing signs of drug use and contacting the emergency services in appropriate circumstances. In such cases, an entry should be made in an incident log book.	
<u>Customer</u> Vulnerabilities – drug use,	PS17 (a) Drug use is common amongst people going out to pubs, bars and clubs and for some people it is integral to a good night out. Despite efficient measures aimed at preventing drugs being brought into or sold at premises, some people will take drugs before going out or will find ways of taking drugs whilst out at licensed premises. Some people may have an adverse medical or	
intoxication or drink spiking	psychological reaction to drug use or the combined effects or alcohol and drug consumption. Intoxicated customers may become confused, disorientated, emotional, separated from their friends, or incapacitated. There is therefore an expectation that licensees will take responsibility for people affected by drugs or alcohol from the point they join a queue to get in through to them getting home safely.	
	PS19PS18 A duty of care policy regardingshould clearly set out how licensees will respond to drug, or alcohol induced problems and the type of interventions available to persons suffering adversely from the effects of drugs should be in place at the premises or alcohol.	Formatted: Left
	(a) The policy should include drug awareness training for all staff so that they can recognise the effects of controlled drugs and provide seek medical attention where necessary.	
	(b) All-The policy should clearly express that every effort will be made by staff must be briefed onto prevent patrons from deteriorating to an uncontrolled intoxicated extent.	
	(c) When staff are collecting glasses, they can interact with customers and assess the policy. A recordlevels of drunkenness or signs of drug use. Any concerns should be kept of reported back to a manager	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.27 cm

(c) On no account should anyone suffering from ill effects of drug or alcohol use be ejected from the date and name of person trained premises or left alone unmonitored. It is important to unite them with their friends to ensure they get home safely.

(d) Guidance for licensees can be found at Safer Nightlife, an online resource produced by the London Drug and Alcohol Policy Forum.

PS19 Refusing entry to anyone who appears to be showing signs of drug use or intoxication and contacting the emergency services in appropriate circumstances. In such cases, an entry should be made in an incident logbook.

<u>Drink-aware posters</u> can be displayed in the premises to remind customers of the unit content in alcoholic drinks and the safe alcohol consumption limits

PS20 (a) Prevent the possibility of drink spiking by offering various anti-drink spiking products to customers.

PS20

**Customer** 

drug use,

spiking

Vulnerabilities -

intoxication or drink

PS21 Prevent the possibility of drink spiking by offering preventative measures and guidance to customers. A drink can be spiked by adding drugs to it or by adding more alcohol to it. A spiked drink can have dangerous consequences for the health or welfare of the person whose drink it is and can make them vulnerable to

(a) Preventative measures might include

- the provision of drink protectors such bottle stoppers or StopTopps foil covers to customers
- displaying prominent signage reminding customers not to leave their drinks unattended and not to accept drinks from strangers
- staff awareness and vigilance in monitoring disorientated customers and unattended drinks, and reporting any suspicious activity to a manager and to the police.
- (b) If a customer suspects that their drink has been spiked, you should report it to the police immediately. A process for this should be clearly set out in your duty of care policy, and record as much information as you can about the incident:
- full details of the affected person
- full description of the suspected perpetrator if known

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	<ul> <li>time and location of the incident</li> <li>seize, preserve and secure the drinking vessel containing suspected drug until Police arrive</li> <li>ensure the well-being of the customer, calling an ambulance if required, and ensuring they are with trusted friends</li> <li>(c) A process for this should be clearly set out in your duty of care policy.</li> <li>(c) Further guidance can be found at Local Government Association and Drinkaware</li> <li>PS21PS22 A 'chill out' area should be provided—for vulnerable or unwell customers. This should be a cooler and quieter area than rest of venue, with the availability of water and support staff.</li> </ul>
Customer Vulnerability – sexual harassment	PS23 Sexual harassment or assault, usually gender-based, can occur at licensed premises, and can be exacerbated if customers have become vulnerable due to alcohol or drug consumption.
Customer Vulnerability – sexual harassment	(a) Businesses and licensees should develop antisexual harassment policies to promote a safer night-time environment in venues, provide information to customers on how to report sexual harassment, and encourage bystanders to identify, challenge and report unwanted behaviours. Guidance, information and membership can be found at Good Night Out and at Mayor of London Women's Night Safety Charter
	(b) Staff should be educated to understand and respond to reports of sexual harassment. Accredited training such as that provided by Good Night Out or the free Safer Sounds Partnership Welfare and Vulnerability Engagement (WAVE) training is preferential.
	(c) Licensees should adopt the 'Ask for Angela' campaign at their venues. Ask for Angela is a consumer facing campaign which allows people who feel like they are in an unsafe situation to ask for help from the venue. Information can be found at Safer Sounds WAVE programme
	(d) Campaign posters such as 'Reframe the Night' can be displayed at premises to help change people's attitudes to harassment.
Customer	PS24 Licensed premises within high rise buildings with

#### Vulnerability outdoor roof terraces could create potential suicide suicide risks to vulnerable persons. (a) Licensees with outdoor roof terraces should take a proactive approach to identify and design out or mitigate any suicide risks. Mitigations may include physical barriers such as balustrades or planting as a deterrent from accessing the edge of the building, lighting, or additional staffing arrangements in high-risk areas. Guidance and information can be found on the Gov.UK website, Suicide Prevention in Public Places (b) Staff should be trained in suicide prevention awareness, enabling them to recognise warning signs and giving them the confidence to intervene or distract a vulnerable person and to seek assistance for them. Free Suicide Prevention Awareness training is available to City businesses via The City of London Corporation's Business Healthy team: Business Healthy Events and to anyone via the Mayor of London's #ZeroSuicideLDN campaign (c) Licensees should ensure there are arrangements in place to support the mental wellbeing of their employees and to support staff who have intervened or witnessed a suicide. Formatted: Left PS22PS25 Staff should be aware of their responsibilities Smoking on the Formatted: Font: Bold premises regarding smoke-free legislation, including the use of Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Numbered e-cigarettes, and for monitoring compliance. + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 23 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm PS23PS26 Discourage drink driving by promoting Safety of customers Formatted: Left when leaving the schemes such as Designated Driver, with notices premises clearly displayed throughout the premises. Formatted: Left Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 23 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27 Safety of customers PS24PS27 (a) Display information to customers with cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm when leaving the regards to on safe travel at night options for travelling Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm premises home such as Cabwise. Information should include, Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25 including public transport options, access to licensed cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... taxi cabs or / taxi ranks and licensed pre-booked private + Start at: 23 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + hire vehicles, the location of taxi ranks and public Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm transport facilities including night bus options. Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm (b) Provide a free taxi phone service and a safe waiting area for customers inside the premises. Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25 PS25PS28 (a) A 'chill out' period at the end of an cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... evening can allow facilitate a slow dispersal from the + Start at: 23 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm +

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premises allowing door staff to gain a handle on manage any problem individuals, preventing arguing over taxis or congregation at takeaways and or antisocial behaviour / clashes with groups from other venues.

(b) Provision of food and non alcoholic drinks during a chill out period can be effective in allowing customers to sober up before leaving the premises.

PS26PS29 (a) Increased lighting inside the premises should be considered towards the end of an evening to affect the alertness of customers before they leave the premises.

(ba) Increased external lighting particularly in car parks under the direct control of the licence holder will provide added safety for customers as they leave the premises. Care should be taken so that lighting does not impact on neighbours, particularly in and close to established residential areas.

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### 8. Prevention of public nuisance

This section provides guidance on good practice for the prevention and management of public nuisance from licensed premises. -It is intended tocan help those applying for new licences or variations tovarying existing licences in completing their operating schedules. It iscan also designed to guide licensees onhelp licence holders with the prevention and management of noise and other public nuisance issues from their premises after a licence has been granted.

Excessive noise and nuisance from licensed premises is agreemajor concerns for persons living or working in the area.- It is therefore recommended that applicants and licensees take a proactive approach to preventing and managing public nuisance from their premises.

All applications for new licences and variations should address the steps proposed to prevent public nuisance. -Where entertainment or other potentially noisy activity is planned, a noise assessment should be carried out. -For some premises, the assessment will need to be carried out by a suitably qualified <u>noise</u> consultant.

For new premises or the refurbishment of existing premises, preventative measures should be factored in during the planning and design stage. -Consideration should be given to the structure and layout of the premises and equipment both internally and externally, to ensure that the premises are fit for purpose. Sound attenuation measures can include wall linings, acoustic curtains and acoustic treatment to mechanical ventilation or air conditioning systems. -Consideration should also be given to historical noise problems at the premises with measures put in place to prevent them from recurring.

Licence holders should have elearclearly documented policies and procedures in place which identify all public nuisance risks associated with their premises and measures implemented to prevent, manage and respond to those risks. Licence holders should else engage with local residents and businesses on a regular basis to ensure that they are being good neighbours and dealing with problems as they arise.

Risk	Good	practice measure
Music, singing and speech noise breakout from the premises	PN1	(a) AA premises specific noise management policy should be in place that sets out sound attenuation measures to prevent or control noise break out of music, singing andor speech noise breakout from the premises.  (ba) The policy should preferably be based on the findings of an acoustic consultant's assessment.  (eb) All staff should be trained on the content of the policy to ensure a commitment to good noise managementA record should be kept of the date and name of person trained and made available for inspection by the licensing authority or environmental health responsible authority.

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# Music, singing and speech noise breakout from the premises

- (dc) DJs, event promoters or other entertainment providers should be made aware of the policy in advance of any performance.
- (ed) Use an approved list of DJs, event promoters or other entertainment providers who have signed up to the policy.
- PN2 (a) Windows and doors should be kept closed whilst the premises licence is in use to prevent noise breakout. Ventilation should be provided by mechanical means.
  - (ba) Windows should be sound insulated.
  - (eb) Emergency exits should be sealed acoustic doors.
  - (dc) A lobbied area (two sets of self-closing doors) should be provided at the entrance and exit to the premises.
  - (ed) Doors should be fitted with self-closing devices.
- PN3 (a) A sound limiting device should be installed, set and sealed at a level approved by an acoustic consultant.
  - (ba) The sound limiting device should always be used at all times that relevant regulated when music or other forms of entertainment is taking place, including all externally promoted events.
  - (db) Only the premises licence holder or a nominated deputy and the designated premises supervisor should have access to the sound limiting device.
- PN4 (a) Locate entertainment facilities such as DJ booth, stage, and loud-speakers away frominside the premises and not position them near or pointing at doors and windows.
- PN4 (b) Rubber speaker mounts can be used to minimise structure borne noise.
- PN5 (a) Methods for monitoring noise should be included in a noise policy.- Methods could range from simple perimeter checks and listening tests by the licence holder/staff to a detailed measurement taken by a qualified consultant using sound measuring equipment.
  - (ba) Noise monitoring should actively be carried out on a regular basis and in particular particularly when a new

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Music, singing and speech noise breakout from the	form of entertainment is introduced at the premises, when alterations are made to the premises or when a complaint is made directly to the venue.	
premises	PN6 (a) A log booklogbook should be kept of any noise monitoring carried, the findings and any remedial action taken. The log should indicate whether it was routine noise monitoring or the result of a complaint.	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm
	PN6 (b) The log-booklogbook should be made available for inspection by the licensing authority or environmental health responsible authority.	Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm
	PN7 A contact telephone number should be made available to lecal-residents and businesses in the immediate area which they can use to report noise disturbances to a responsible person at the venue as and when they occurThe phone line should always be available at all timeswhen the premises licence is in use.	Formatted: Left
Noise and nuisance from customers arriving and leaving the premises	PN8 (a) Reduce the potential for excessive queue lines with a well-managed and efficient door policy.  (ba) Long queues should be avoided, and any queues should be directed away from residential properties.  (cb) Queues should be actively managed by door staff, especially later in the evening, to keep noise to a minimum. Rowdy behaviour from people queuing to get in should not be tolerated. Door staff should refuse entry to anyone behaving in an anti-social way.  (c) Restrictc) In residential areas, consider restricting admittance or re-admittance to the premises after 11pm.  PN9 (a) A customer dispersal policy can minimise noise disturbance to local residents from customers leaving the premises. A policy should clearly set out measures to avoid a mass exit at the end of the evening.  (b)PN9  (a) A gradual change in music style and reduction in volume, for example quiet or mellow music towards the end of an evening and increasing lighting levels can help to reduce the potential for rowdy behaviour.	Formatted: Left  Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Tab stops: Not at 2.54 cm  Formatted: Left

evening to manage a controlled shut down of the premises, to aid dispersal and maintain good order as customers leave Formatted: Left. Indent: Left: 0 cm PN10 (a) Display prominent notices close to the exit doors, Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm requesting patrons to leave the premises and area quickly and quietly. (a) Make announcements at the end of an evening, Noise and nuisance requesting patrons to leave the premises and area from customers quickly and quietly arriving and leaving the premises Formatted: Font: Not Bold (b) Display notices in car parks reminding patrons that Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.31 cm they are in a residential area and to leave quickly and Formatted: Left quietly and not to slam doors, rev engines, sound horns or play loud music. (c) Make announcements at the end of an evening, requesting patrons to leave the premises and area quickly and quietly. PN11 (a) Provide a free taxi phone service and an internal waiting area for customers waiting for taxis to prevent noise disturbance to neighbours. (b) Steps should be taken to ensueensure that any taxi operators used and allcustomers board their drivers are aware that they should arrive and departtaxi or private hire vehicle as quickly and quietly as possible and should not sound their horns or leaveto prevent engines idling unnecessarily-PN11 or horns being sounded. Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27 Noise and, nuisance, PN12 Display prominent signs in external areas such as cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm anti-social beer gardens, roof terraces, pavement licensed areas behaviour, or odours and forecourts asking customers to be respectful to Formatted: Left from customers neighbouring property owners and to keep noise to a Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm using external areas such as beer Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.27 cm gardens-or-, roof PN13 Restrict the use of external areas after 10pm if Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm terraces, forecourts, premises are in a residential area. Some areas in the City may require earlier finish times depending on pavement licenced areas, or public sensitivity. highway / open Formatted: Font: Bold PN14 (a) Door supervisors or staff should regularly monitor spaces. Formatted: List Paragraph, Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm and manage external areas to ensure that customers Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm are not obstructing the highway or causing a disturbance to-local residents. Formatted: Font: Not Bold Formatted: List Paragraph, Left (a) Do not permit customers to obstruct the public

	highway or the doorways of neighbouring residential, commercial or office premises. Pedestrians must have unobstructed access to the highway and should not be forced to step into the road to pass by.		
	(b) For private forecourts, a physical barrier such as a rope should be used to mark the boundary of the area outside the premises where customers are allowed.		Formatted: Font: Not Bold, Font color: Auto
			Formatted: List Paragraph, Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm
	(c) Limit the number of smokers permitted outside at		Formatted: Font: Bold
	any one time after a certain time-		Formatted: Font: Bold
	PN15 (d) Discourage, discourage smokers from loitering outside by not permitting them to take their drinks with them and removing external furniture after a certain time, and locate smoking areas away from residential	1	Formatted: Form. Bold  Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm
	premises		Formatted: Font: Not Bold
	PN16 (e) Locate designated smoking areas away from		Formatted: List Paragraph, Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm
	residential premises.properties or offices	F	Formatted: Font: Bold
	(0.7)		Formatted: Font: Bold
	(f) Do not permit customers to congregate on and block the public highway to passers by.	$\  \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Formatted: Font: Bold
	the public highway to public by:		Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm
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	PN15 Staff and performers who depart late at night or in		Formatted: List Paragraph, Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm
Noise from staff and entertainment			Formatted: Left
providers leaving	the early hours enof the morning when the business has ceased trading, should conduct themselves in such		Formatted: Font: Bold
the premises	a manner as to avoid causing disturbance to nearby residents. This includes the loading and unloading of artists' equipment.		
Noise and disturbance caused	PN16PN18 Commercial deliveries, collections and storage/ disposal of waste, including beer deliveries,		Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm
by deliveries, collections and waste disposal	refuse collections and storage / disposal of waste and	/	Formatted: Left
	recyclables in external areas should be restricted to normal working hours between 8am and 6pm Monday to Friday.		Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm
	PN19 Use rubber matting for the movement of barrels, cylinders and bottles.		
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Litter and waste around the premises	PN17 (a) Flyers should not be distributed outside the premises by the licence holder—or, any staff employed by the licence holder.		Formatted: Left

	(b) Licence holders should ensure that, or by promoters of events at their premises do not distribute flyers outside the premises.	
	PN18PN20 .	Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm
	(a) Procedures should be in place for the prompt collection of street litter generated by the premises for example flyers, cigarette butts, disposable e-cigarettes, or food wrappers.	Formatted: Font: Not Bold
	(b) Regular patrols of the area outside the premises should be undertaken by staff to clear any litter attributable to the premises.	
	(c) Use wall or floor mounted cigarette bins in designated smoking areas for customers.	Formatted: Left
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Disturbance from external lighting	PN19PN21 External lighting for the premises should be turned off after the premises are closed to the public.	Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm
		Formatted: Left
Noise or odours	PN20PN22 Plant and machinery should not cause	Formatted: Left
from plant and machinery or alarms	nuisance to local residents by way of noise, odours or	Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm
	PN23 Noise from an activated alarm - if the alarm is activated when no-one is physically present at the premises, it should be capable of being deactivated remotely and/or the City's Environmental Health team should be provided with an up-to-date key holder list and contact numbers.	Formatted: Left, Indent: Hanging: 1.21 cm, Numbere + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.3 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm

## 9. Protection of children from harm

This section provides guidance on good practice for the protection of children from harm at licensed premises. It is intended tocan help those applying for new licences or variations tovarying existing licences in completing their operating schedules. -It iscan also designed to guide licensees onhelp licence holders with the protection and management of children from harm at their premises after a licence has been granted.

The carrying on of licensable activities in particular the provision of alcohol and some types of entertainment can increase risks of harm to children attending licensed premises. It is therefore recommended that applicants and licensees take a proactive approach to protecting and managing the well being of children at their premises.

All applications for new licences and variations should address the steps proposed to protect children from harm and this. This is best achieved through a premises risk assessment.

Licence holders should have clearclearly documented policies and procedures in place which identify all age restricted risks at their premises and measures implemented to prevent, manage and respond to those risks.

Risk Good practice measure Formatted: Left Formatted: Left Children accessing (a) A documented policy setting out measures to Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.31 cm licensed premises protect children from harm should be in place at the premises. -The policy should consider all activities Formatted: Font: Bold associated with the premises including the sale of Formatted: Left alcohol and the provision of regulated entertainment and when children should be allowed on or restricted from the premises. All staff including door staff and bar staff should be trained on the policy. (b) All staff including door staff and bar staff should be trained on the policy. CH2 (a) Restrict access to children depending on the Formatted: Left nature of the business and / or circumstances. (ba) The admission of children can be restricted up until a specified time in the evening. (eb) The admittance of children can only be permitted if they are accompanied by an adult. Formatted: Left (a) Operate a strict 'No ID-, No Sale' policy. -Underage sales of Formatted: Font color: Auto alcohol Challenge 21' scheme serves as a reminder to staff the need to be vigilant in preventing underage sales and to customers that it is against the law for anyone under 18 to purchase alcohol.

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C	:H3 (b) A 'Challenge 25'25 scheme gives staff additional	Formatted: Font; Bold
Underage sales of alcohol (cont.)	support and encouragement to ask for ID from any person appearing to be under 25 years of age to prove that they are over 18. It serves as a reminder to staff to be vigilant in preventing underage sales and to customers that it is against the law for anyone under 18 to purchase alcohol. Guidance can be found at the	Formatted: Folia: Bodd  Formatted: Left; Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm
	Retail of Alcohol Standards Group (RASG)	Formatted: Left
	(ea) Only accept photographic driving licences, passports or PASS (Proof of Age Standards Scheme) cards approved as means of ID. If you accept other forms of ID such as EU National ID cards, these must bear a photograph, date of birth and holographic mark.  Guidance and information can be found at PASS	(Tomateur zert
	(4b) Use till prompts to remind staff to ask for proof of age.	
	(ec) Prominently advertise the scheme in your premises so that customers are aware, in particular, and display proof of age signs at the point of sale.	
C	CH4 Display posters at the premises stating that it is an offence to purchase alcohol on behalf of an underage person (proxy sales).	Formatted: Left
С	Adverts or promotions for alcohol should not appeal to young persons.	
C	<b>CH6</b> (a) Keep a refusals booklogbook (or refusal button on EPOS – Electronic Point of Sale) on the premises and ensure it is completed whenever a sale is refused to a person who cannot prove they are over the age of 18.	
	(ba) The beeklogbook should contain the date and time of the incident, a description of the customer, the name of the staff member who refused the sale, and the reason the sale was refused, and should be made available to Police and authorised Council officers on request	
		Formatted: Font color: Black
	(cb) The book should be made available to Police and authorised Council officers on request	Formatted: Font color: Black
	(d) The booklogbook or electronic record should be reviewed on a regular basis to see if any patterns emerge.	Formatted: Left
c	CH7 (a) Staff training in the age-related sections of the	

	Licensing Act 2003 should be provided to all door, be and till staff. –This includes the ability to competentl check customers' identification where necessary.	
	CH7 (b) A record should be kept of the date and name of person trained.	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.06 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Tab after: 1.27 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm
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Access to age restricted films	CH8 (a) Adequate provisions for restricting children from viewing age restricted films should be in place at the	Formatted: Left
restricted mins	premises.	
	(ba) Staff should be trained to check ages at point of	
	sale and prior to entry to a screening room to ensure that admission of children to films is in accordance with the recommendations of the British Board of Film Classifications (BBFC).	
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		Formatted: Left
Access to age	CH9 Age restricted gaming or vending machines should	Formatted: Left
restricted gaming machines	have suitable signage setting out the age restrictions and should be in full view of staff for monitoring.	
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Access to entertainment of an adult nature	CH10 (a)—Children under the age of 18 should be excluded from the premises or part of the premises when specified activities such as adult entertainment are taking place.	
	CH11 Adverts for entertainment of an adult nature should not be displayed externally on the premises or in any part of the premises internally where they can be seen by young persons.	
Child Sexual Exploitation at	CH12 Recognise indicators of child sexual exploitation through the premises risk assessment and operating	
licensed premises	policy. Licensed premises may be used to groom or exploit young people. In order to mitigate any risks of child sexual exploitation at licensed premises, licensees should:	
	<ul> <li>include within their business operating policy or duty of care policy, provisions to protect young people from</li> </ul>	<u>f</u>
	child sexual exploitation  • report any suspicious activities or concerns about possible perpetrators of child sexual exploitation to the Police	
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**Useful Contacts** 

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City of London Licensing Authority Counter Terrorism Security Advisors CTSA@city-of-london.pnn.police.uk

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**City of London Environmental Health Team** 

Markets and Consumer Protection PO Box 270, Guildhall London EC2P 2EJ

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Telephone: 020 7332 3406

Email: licensing@cityoflonden.gev.uk

**City Police licensing team** 

Walbrook Wharf 78-83 Upper Thames Street London EC4R 3TD

Tolophono: 020 7601 2736

Email: licensingeffice@sityeflenden.pnn.pelice.uk

**Environmental Health** 

Department of Markets and Consumer Protection (Pollution)

City of London Corporation
PO Box 270, Guildhall
London EC2P 2EJ

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Telephone: 020 7606 3030

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**City of London Licensing Authority** 

Markets and Consumer Protection

PO Box 270, Guildhall London EC2P 2EJ

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Email: licensing@cityoflondon.gov.uk

<u>City of London</u> Planning <u>Team</u>

Department of the Built Environment PO Box 270, Guildhall London EC2P 2EJ

Telephone: 020 7332 1710

Email: plans@cityoflondon.gov.uk

City of London Police Licensing Team

PO Box 270, Guildhall London EC2P 2EJ

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43

<u>Telephone: 020 7601 2736</u> <u>Email: licensingoffice@cityoflondon.pnn.police.uk</u>

City and Hackney Public Health team Email: public.health@hackney.gov.uk

# **Resources:**

# <u>A</u>

Action Counters Terrorism (ACT) training <a href="https://ct.highfieldelearning.com">https://ct.highfieldelearning.com</a>

#### <u>B</u>

Health and Safety Executive http://www.hse.gov.uk

Institute of Acoustics http://www.ioa.org.uk

Secured by Design www.securedbydesign.com **Formatted:** Font: 11 pt, Bold, Font color: Black, English (United Kingdom)

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# Information sources used in the preparation of this guide:

Association of Licensed Multiple Retailers (ALMR) (incorporating BEDA – Bar Entertainment and Dance Association) http://www.almr.org.uk

Best Bar None http://bbnuk.com

**British Beer and Pub Association (BBPA)** 

(Licensed Property: Noise Control, Managing Safety in Bars, Clubs and Pubs) http://www.beerandpub.com

British Institute of Innkeeping (BII)

http://www.bii.org

C

<u>Centre for the Protection of National Infrastructure</u> <u>https://www.cpni.gov.uk/</u>

City of London Corporation licensing Business Healthy

(Statement of Licensing Policy 2011) http://www.cityoflondon.gov.uk

City of London police licensing http://www.cityoflondon.police.uk

**Department for Communities and local government (DCLG)** 

http://www.communities.gov.uk https://www.businesshealthy.org

Club Soda https://joinclubsoda.com

D

**Drinkaware** 

https://www.drinkaware.co.uk

G

Good Night Out Campaign https://goodnightoutcampaign.org

<u>H</u>

Health and Safety Executive http://www.hse.gov.uk

http://www.drinkaware.co.uk

**Health and Safety Executive** 

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46

## http://www.hse.gov.uk

#### Home!

Information Commissioner's Office (alcohol and drugs) https://ico.org.uk

#### Institute of Acoustics

http://www.ioa.org.uk

(Home Office guidance issued under S182 of the Licensing Act 2003, Home Office practical guidance for preventing and dealing with alcohol related problems, Alcohol Strategy 2012)

http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/drugs/

Institute of Acoustics http://www.ioa.org.uk

London Drug Policy Forum (Safer Nightlife, Drugs at the Door) http://www.cityoflondon.gov.uk

Metropolitan police licensing: Safe and Sound 2012 publication

#### L

<u>Local Government Association</u> <u>https://local.gov.uk</u>

M

Mayor of London's Women's Night Safety Charter https://www.london.gov.uk/what-we-do/arts-and-culture/24-hour-london/womens-night-safety-charter

Mayor of London's Zero Suicide Campaign https://thriveldn.co.uk/campaigns/zerosuicideldn/

N

National Pubwatch https://www.nationalpubwatch.org.uk

Night-Time Industries Association (NTIA) <a href="https://www.ntia.co.uk">https://www.ntia.co.uk</a>

P

PASS – National Proof of Age Standards Scheme https://www.pass-scheme.org.uk Formatted: Font: 11 pt

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# <u>Police Protect UK (incorporating National Counter Terrorism Security Office (NaCTSO}))</u>

(Security advice for bars, pubs and nightclubs) http://www.nactso.gov.uk

The https://www.protectuk.police.uk/

#### **Portman Group**

http://www.portmangroup.org.uk

R

#### Retail of Alcohol Standards Group (RASG)

https://rasg.org.uk

# Reframe the Night

https://www.cityoflondon.gov.uk/services/community-and-safety/reframe-the-night

<u>s</u>

# **Safer Business Network**

https://www.saferbusiness.org.uk

# Safer Nightlife

https://www.safernightlife.info

# Secured by Design

www.securedbydesign.com

# **Security Industry Authority**

https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/security-industry-authority

# **SentrySIS**

https://sentrysis.com

# Suicide Prevention in Public Places

 $\underline{\text{https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/suicide-prevention-suicides-in-public-places}}$ 

W

# Welfare and Vulnerability Engagement (WAVE)

https://www.safersounds.org.uk/wave